# IVI-EG 03

21.Jan.2021

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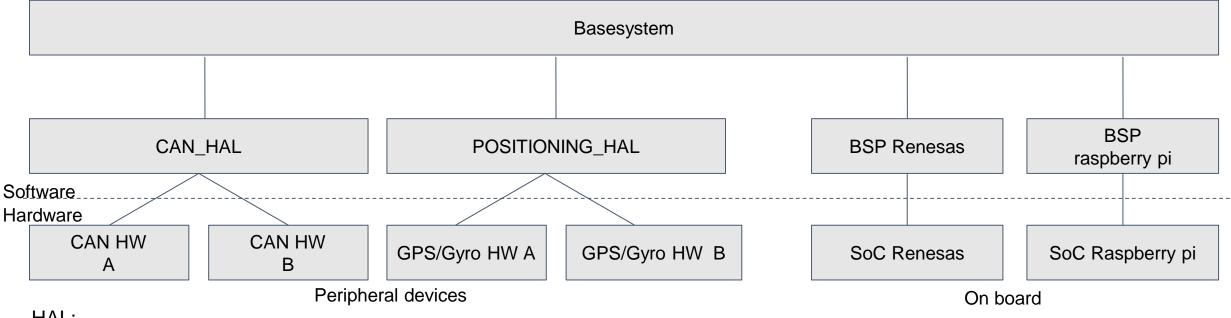
#### Plan

| # | date                  | Discussion Topics   |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | Dec. 8, 2020          | Kickoff, LifecycleManagement,   |
| 2 | Jan. 7, 2021          | LifecycleManagement, HelathMonitoring, + "HAL", Yocto Recipe Commit                   |
| 3 | Jan. 21, 2021         | HelathMonitoring, PowerManagement, Commit Review, HAL(CAN)                            |
| 4 | Feb. 4, 2021          | PowerManagement, +(Quick introduction to TestFW from Jan-Simon)                       |
| 5 | Feb. 18, 2021         | TBD   |
|   |                       |   |
|   | TBD<br>(within trial) | Agl TestFW adoption<br>Error Management / Logger service<br>DEMO/Presentation for AMM |

No other update.

- 25646-25652 review has been done without explaining HAL API.
- 25653-25654 review hasn't been done yet.
  - <u>https://gerrit.automotivelinux.org/gerrit/c/AGL/meta-agl-devel/+/25653</u>
  - https://gerrit.automotivelinux.org/gerrit/c/AGL/meta-agl-devel/+/25654

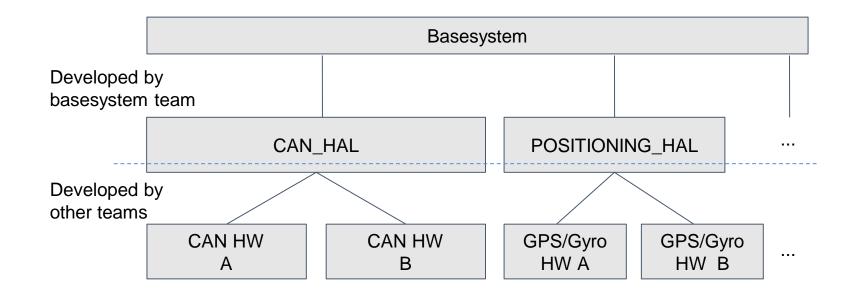
- 1. What is basesystem "HAL"?
  - a. Abstracted programming interfaces when basesystem access to hardware resources
  - **b.** Sample implementations and stubs are included in currently disclosed basesystem.git
- 2. What is the difference between BSP and HAL?
  - a. BSP is for SoC.
  - b. HAL is mainly for Peripheral devices.



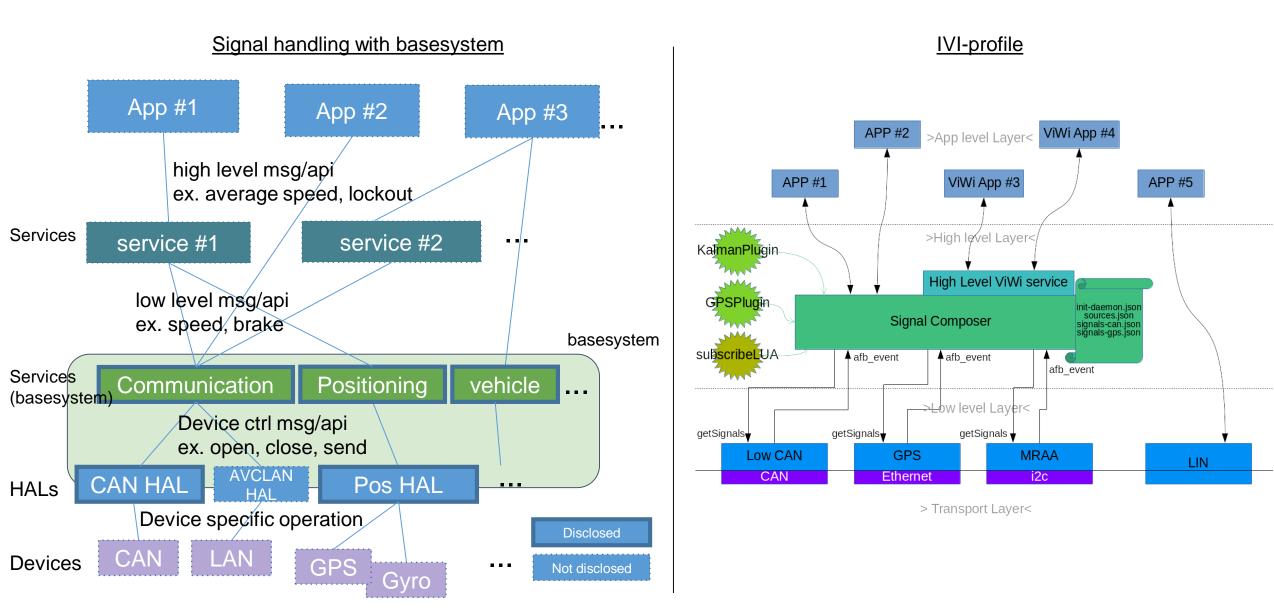
#### HAL:

boot, **can**, clock, deck, input, nv, **positioning**, power, security, soc\_temperature, usb, vehicle, video\_in

- 1. Why is HAL needed?
  - a. By implementing HAL, various devices can be supported without changing basesystem and upper services.
  - b. Application can be developed and tested before Hardware is prepared
  - c. Multiple teams (suppliers) can develop different layers independently.
- 1. How did you define the boundary surfaces and I/Fs?
  - a. Common functionality vs HW specific
  - b. Historical and organizational reason. Not architecturally optimized.

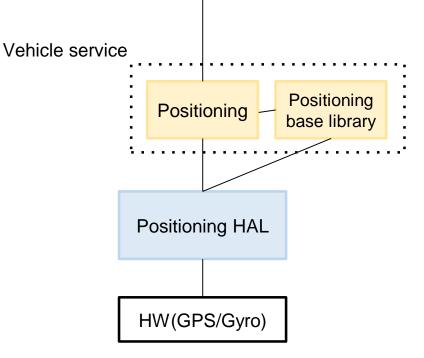


## Signal handling overview



#### HAL Examples 1: Positioning HAL

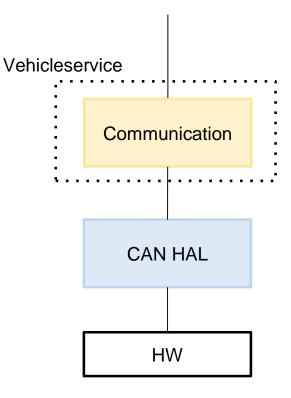
- Positioning HAL is the HAL which supports following features
   Receive data from GPS chips and analyze, and provide GPS data to UI.
  - Receive Gyro sensor data from each devices and provide them to UI.
- The functions detail
  - Receive GPS data from GPS chips and provide the data
  - Provide position information (longitude, latitude, altitude, GPS time, direction etc.)
  - Set GPS time
  - Request GPS chips reset
  - GPS receive error •
  - Notify GPS week counter
  - Provide raw GPS time
  - Provide Information about Gyro Sensor



Positioning HAL Software block diagram

#### HAL Examples 2: CAN HAL

- CAN\_HAL is the HAL which supports implementation of CAN protocol stack.
- By receiving a request from "Communication" which is one of Basesystem units, it sends the CAN data to the upper layer.
- These are CAN\_HALfunctions.
  - Initialize and finalize each communication path
  - Send CAN frame, get the status and send it back to the sender(communication)
  - Receive CAN frame from the CAN device
  - Get CAN micon version



CAN HAL Software block diagram

#### Why not vcan / socketCAN?

- 1. Some product specific requirements need the support from Micon.
- 2. It's not easy to meet these requirement with socketCAN (for now).

|                         | basesystem (+ an <b>example</b> of Product)  | IVI-Profile                      |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| COM<br>(normal traffic) | <ul> <li>[Communication Service(CAN)]</li> <li>Send / Receive (subscribe)</li> <li>Echo back</li> <li>Com Watch (timeout call back)</li> <li>CAN service availability</li> </ul> | [can-low-level, can-high-level?] |
| "HAL I/F"               | [can hal]<br>• Open / Close / Send / Recv<br>• Micon ver get   | (can-low-level)                  |
| Network Management      | [Micon + HAL implementation]<br>• ex. AUTOSAR NM (sleep /wkup)   | ?                                |
| Diagnostic              | <ul><li>[Micon + HAL implementation + Diag service]</li><li>ex. UDS, OBD</li></ul>   | [can-low-level?]                 |
| CAN Driver              | [misc (basesystem doesn't care)]   | [socketCAN]                      |

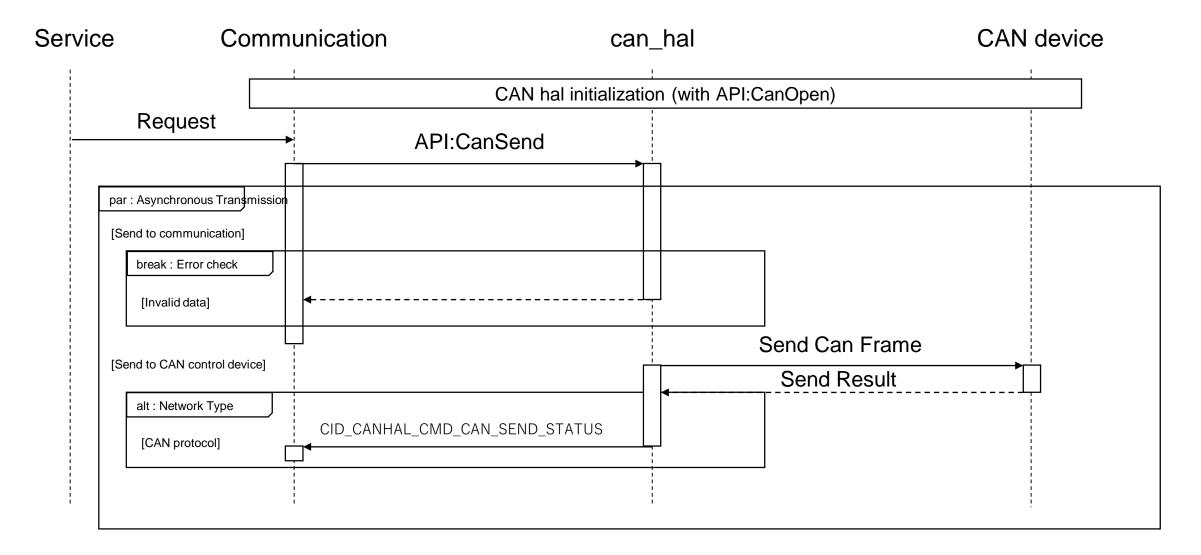
## CAN HAL API / Command

| API name      | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| CanOpen       | API to initialize each communication path(CAN or other protocol), which needs CAN type(protocol) and application handle as argument. |
| CanClose      | API to finalize each communication path(CAN or other protocol), which needs CAN type(protocol) and application handle as argument.   |
| CanSend       | API to send CAN frame which needs pointer to message data, CAN type and application handle as argument.                              |
| CanGetVersion | API to get Can microcomputer version information which needs version buffer and application handle as argument.                      |

| Command                        | Description                        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CID_CANHAL_CMD_CAN_READY       | Notify availability of Global CAN. |
| CID_CANHAL_CMD_CAN_SEND_STATUS | Notify send result of CAN          |
| CID_CANHAL_CMD_CAN_RECV        | Notify receive of CAN              |

Detail : staging/basesystem.git; hal/can\_hal/hal\_api/can\_hal.h

#### Typical use case : Send CAN data



#### Plan (Idea) for Production Readiness

- We have disclosed HAL APIs, and HAL implementation is sample only.
- No future plan to contribute the HW specific implementation.
  - It's related to HW support of Production Readiness.
- We think it's unlikely to merge HALs into IVI-Profile as is.
- Still, we think current HALs can be the reference of actual products.